


Locating an Article

Unit 5 Assignment: Handout 1

The citation found in a database will often provide several choices in article retrieval. Often the process is not linear, as detailed here, but one of these methods will ultimately lead you to the full text of an article.

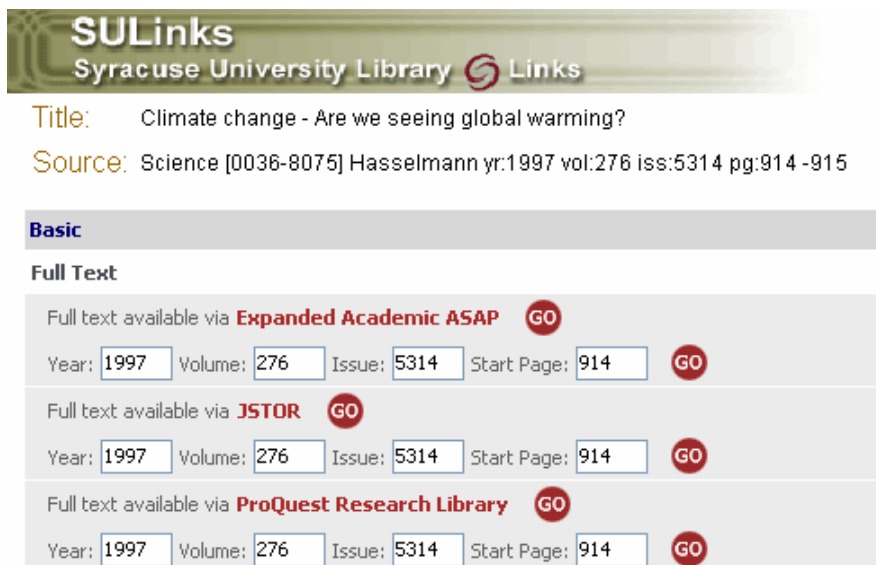
1. Full text from the citation. This citation comes from the database Expanded Academic. Click on the Full-text or PDF link to retrieve full text of the article.

Mark 29. [Climate change and disease.\(SPECTRUM\).](#)
Environment 48.2 (March 2006): p4(2). (397 words)
[Full-text](#) | [2 PDF pages](#) | [About this publication](#) | [How to Cite](#)

2. If present, follow the  button found in many databases. This citation comes from the database Web of Science.

317. Chapin FS, Walker BH, Hobbs RJ, et al.
[Biotic control over the functioning of ecosystems](#)
SCIENCE 277 (5325): 500-504 JUL 25 1997
Times Cited: [205](#)
[Full Text, SUMMIT, ILLiad](#)

Option A: When you press the [Full Text, SUMMIT, ILLIAD](#) link the following screen appears:



The screenshot shows the SULinks interface for Syracuse University Library. At the top, it displays the title "Climate change - Are we seeing global warming?" and the source "Science [0036-8075] Hasselmann yr:1997 vol:276 iss:5314 pg:914 -915". Below this, there is a "Basic" section with a "Full Text" tab. Under "Full Text", three options are listed for retrieving the full text: "Expanded Academic ASAP", "JSTOR", and "ProQuest Research Library". Each option includes a "GO" button and a form with fields for Year (1997), Volume (276), Issue (5314), and Start Page (914), each with its own "GO" button.

In this case, this article is available from three different databases. Press the **GO** button beside the **Start Page** to retrieve the full text of the article.

Option B: When you press the SU Links button, this screen appears:

The screenshot shows the SULinks interface for Syracuse University Library. At the top, it says 'SULinks Syracuse University Library Links'. Below that, the search results are displayed: 'Title: Frogfishes (Family Antennariidae) of North Carolina' and 'Source: North Carolina Academy of Science SCHWARTZ yr:2005'. There are two main sections: 'Basic' and 'Advanced'. Under 'Basic', there is a 'Holding information' section with a button that says 'Check SUMMIT, the library catalog GO'. Under 'Advanced', there is an 'ILL' section with a button that says 'Request from ILLiad interlibrary loan service GO'.

In this example, the article is not available full text *from this screen* and you will need to look for it in other places. Continue with steps 3-6.

3. Check the E-Journal Locator to see if this journal is available online or if it is available full-text from one of our databases. From the [Moon Library Home Page](#), select [E-Journals](#).
4. Check the SUMMIT catalog for the **journal title (or source)** to see if we have the journal in print and/or online. You cannot search for the article title in the SUMMIT catalog. A search for the title *Trends in ecology & evolution* yields the following information:
 - a. The library has paper copies of this journal from 1990-2001
 - b. The journal can be found online from 1997 - .
 - c. The library stopped receiving paper copies of this journal in 2002.

The screenshot shows a SUMMIT catalog entry for the journal 'Trends in ecology & evolution'. The entry includes the following information: 'Title: Trends in ecology & evolution.', 'Published: Amsterdam [Netherlands] : Elsevier Science Publishers B.V. [(Biomedical Division)], c1986-', 'Subjects: [Ecology Periodicals.](#) [Evolution Periodicals.](#)', 'Note: Also issued in an annual compilation called: Reference ed.', 'Local note: OCLC # 14100627 (900717)', 'Location: Available via Internet', 'Linked Resources: [Electronic version:](#)', 'Library has: Electronic holdings begin with v.12 (1997)', 'Location: Moon Library-Periodicals', 'Notes: Available only in electronic version, 2002-', 'Call Number: [T762](#)', 'Status: Available', and 'Library has: v.5 (1990)-v.16 (2001)'.

SUMMIT catalog entry for the journal *Trends in ecology & evolution*.

5. Search for the **article title “in quotes”** using Google Scholar or another search engine. **While on campus**, many databases interface with Google Scholar and provide a SULinks button. In addition, some articles are available for free and a simple search will prove successful.
6. Request the document via interlibrary loan, using the online tool [Illiad](#).

Following these six steps will enable you to retrieve almost any article that you wish. Refer back to this document when conducting searches.