

# A Non-Technical Overview of Satellite Remote Sensing

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### 16th Annual New York State GIS Conference

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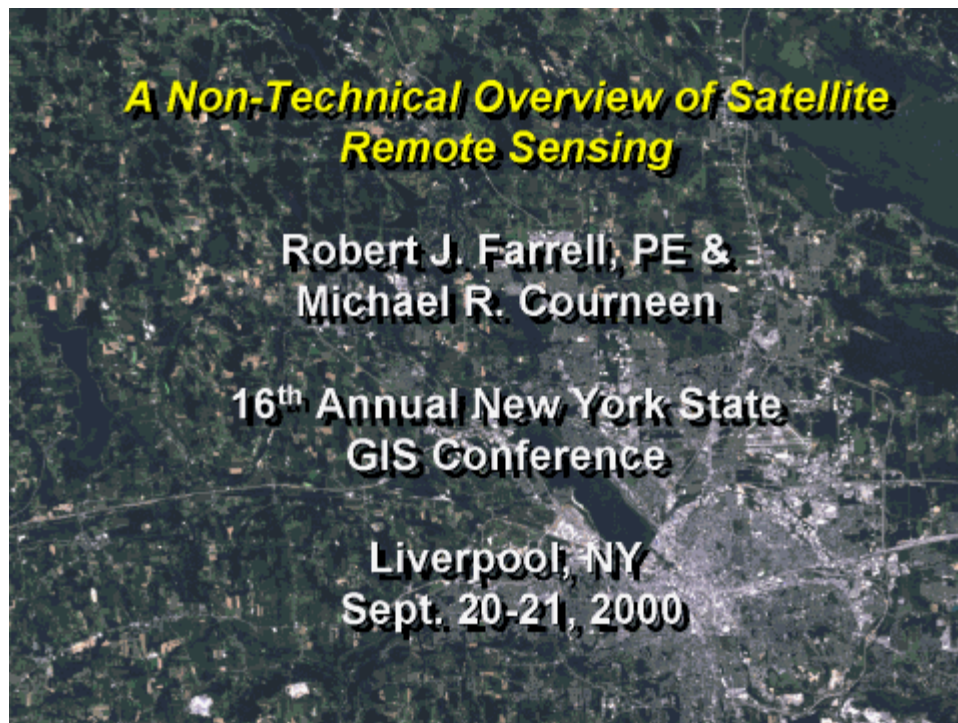
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## Goal of This Session

The goal of this session is to provide you with a non-technical introduction to the basics of satellite remote sensing, including:

- \* Terms & Definitions
- \* Satellite Platforms
- \* Applications
- \* Example Imagery
- \* Sample Ordering Information

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## Worth Quoting ...

“To the peaceful application of remote sensing in order to maximize the scientific, social, and commercial benefits of this technology for all humankind.”

Thomas M. Lillesand & Ralph W. Kiefer, *Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation*, 4th Ed., p. iii





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## Types of Spatial Data

The "Geographic" in GIS: 4 Basic Types of Data

624.5 ft 	<u>Points</u> = Elevations, light poles, well heads, traffic accidents
East St. 	<u>Lines</u> = Street centerlines, water lines, contours, boundaries
 21.25 acres	<u>Polygons</u> = Wetlands, watersheds, parcels or any feature requiring an enclosed area or acreage
	<u>Raster</u> = Scanned aerial photos, digital orthoimagery, satellite imagery, scanned floor plans, record plans

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## Terms & Definitions

- Classification = Process of automatically categorizing all pixels in an image into land cover classes or themes (e.g., water)
- Digital Elevation Model (DEM) = Digital representation of ground elevation points with (x,y & z) values typically used to show terrain relief
- Electromagnetic Spectrum = Range of emitted electromagnetic wavelengths measured in micrometers ( $\mu\text{m}$ ) & categorized as X rays, ultraviolet, visible, microwave, etc.
- Grid = Geographic data model representing information as an array of equally-sized square cells arranged in rows and columns; Each grid cell is referenced by its x,y,z coordinate location

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## Terms & Definitions, cont.

- Raster = Cellular (row & column) data structure for storing images; Each cell is the same size in a given image
- Resolution = Equated with image clarity, the smaller the pixel size the greater the visible detail for analysis
- Remote Sensing = Science and art of obtaining information about an object through the analysis of data acquired by a device that is not in contact with the object
- Tagged Image Format (TIF) = One of the more common image file formats for storing color and grayscale images

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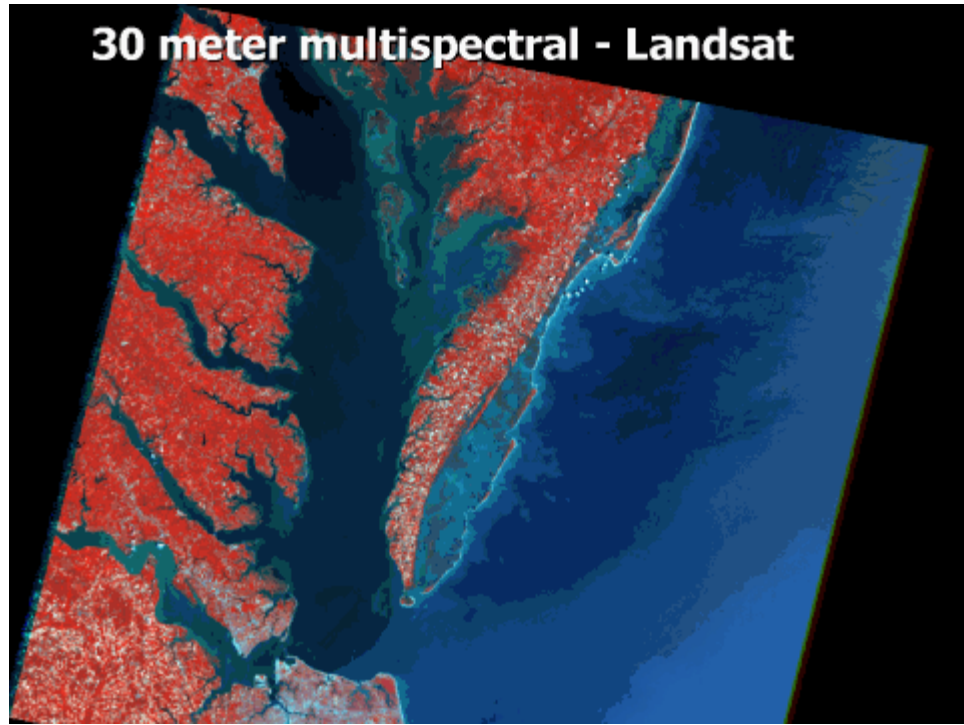
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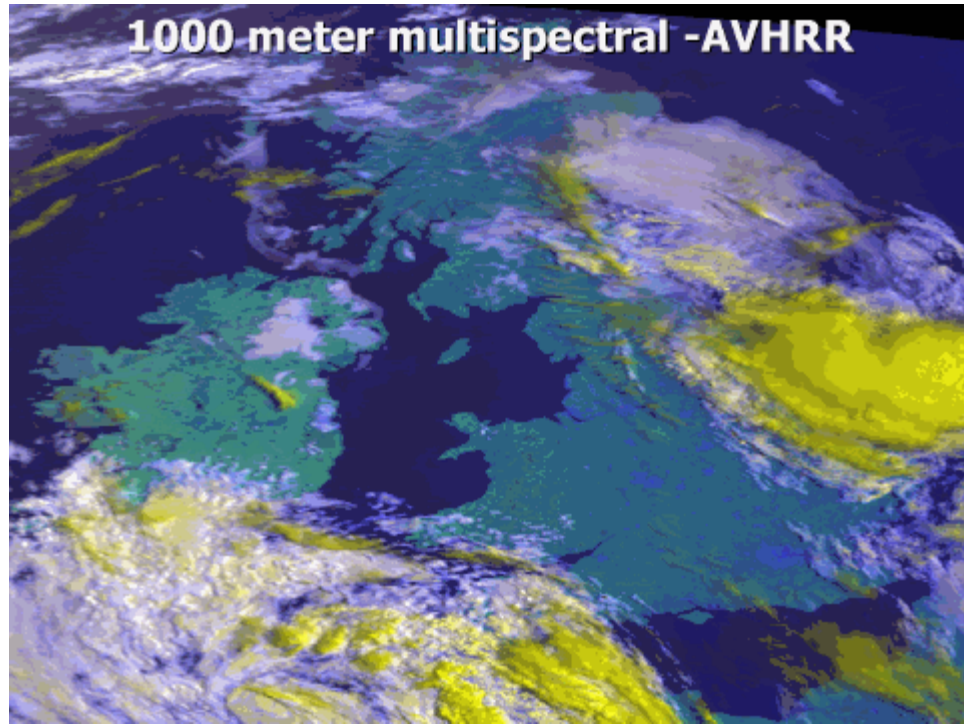
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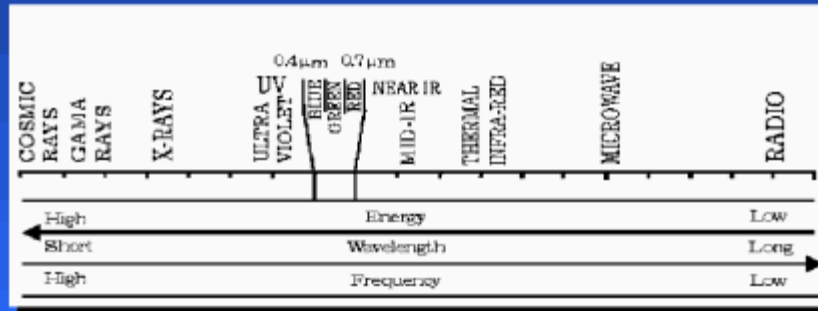
# Aerial Cameras Versus Spaceborne Sensors



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# Electromagnetic Spectrum

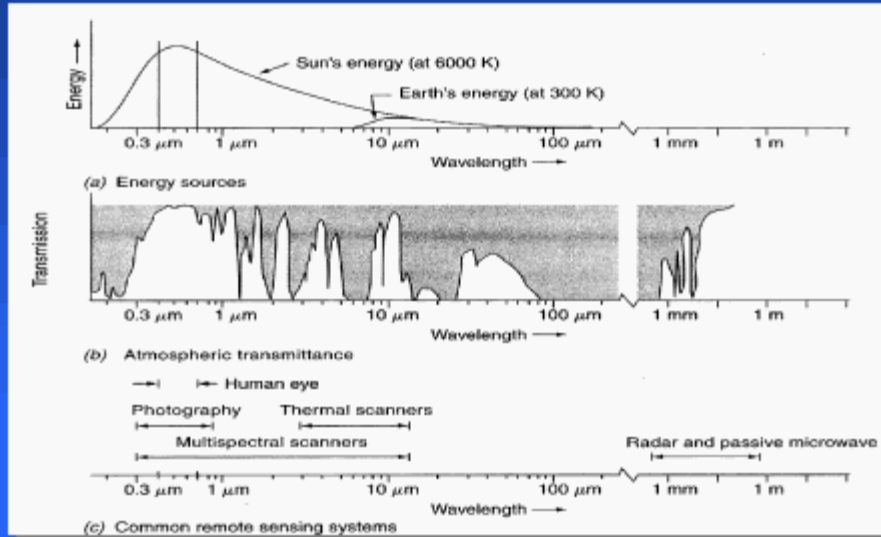


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# Spectral Characteristics



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## Spectral Bands (Based on Lillesand & Kiefer p. 396)

### Landsat ETM+ Spectral Bands

Band	Wavelength ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	Nominal Spectral Location	Resolution (m)
1	0.45-0.52	Blue	30
2	0.52-0.60	Green	30
3	0.63-0.69	Red	30
4	0.76-0.90	Near IR	30
5	1.55-1.75	Mid IR	30
6	10.4-12.5	Thermal IR	60
7	2.08-2.45	Mid IR	30
8	0.520-0.900	Pan	15

See Handout  
For Full Table

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### Current Remote Sensing Platforms

Satellite	Spatial Resolution Meters	Spectral	Swath Kilo.	Temp. Days
Landsat TM 5	30	R, G, B, NIR, MIR, Th	185	16
SPOT 1, 2	10 20	Pan, R, G, NIR	60	26
SPOT 4	10 20	Pan, R, G, NIR, MIR	60	26
IRS a, b	5 30	Pan Hyperspec	148	22
IRS c, d	5.8 23.5 70.8	Pan R, G, NIR, MIR	142	24

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See Handout For Full Table



### Current Remote Sensing Platforms Con't

Satellite	Spatial Resolution Meters	Spectral	Swath Kilo.	Temp. Days
AVHRR	1100	Pan, R, G, B, NIR, MIR, Th	2400	1
IKONOS II	1 4	Pan R, G, B, NIR	11	2-3
ERS	Varies	RADAR	100	24
Radarsat	Varies	RADAR	100	24
Landsat 7	30 15	R, G, B, NIR MIR, Th, Pan	185	16
Orbview 2	1100 4000	B, G, NIR, R	2800	1

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# Landsat Ordering Procedure

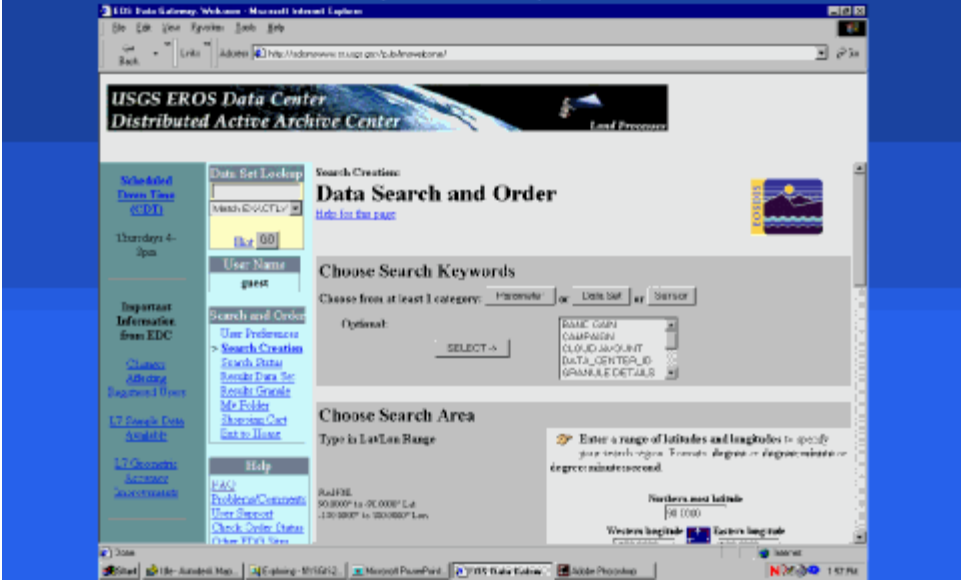
Go to USGS EROS Data Center



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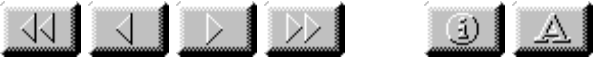
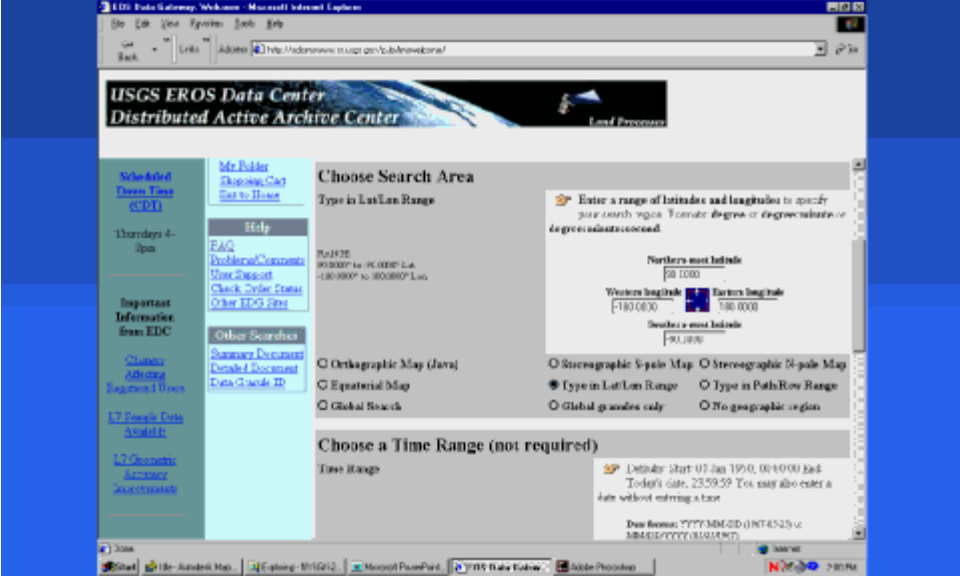
# Landsat Ordering Procedure, Cont.

## Choose Sensor (TM or ETM+) and Cloud Amount



# Landsat Ordering Procedure, Cont.

## Choose Search Area and Time Range



## Landsat Ordering Procedure, Cont.

Add results to your folder

The screenshot shows the USGS EROS Data Center website interface. At the top, it says "USGS EROS Data Center Distributed Active Archive Center". Below this is a navigation menu with options like "Scheduled Data Time", "Thursday 4:30pm", and "Important Information from EDC". The main content area is titled "My Folder Listing" and includes a search bar, a "Data Set Lookup" section, and a table of data products. The table has columns for "Options...", "Granule", "Start Date", and "Stop Date".

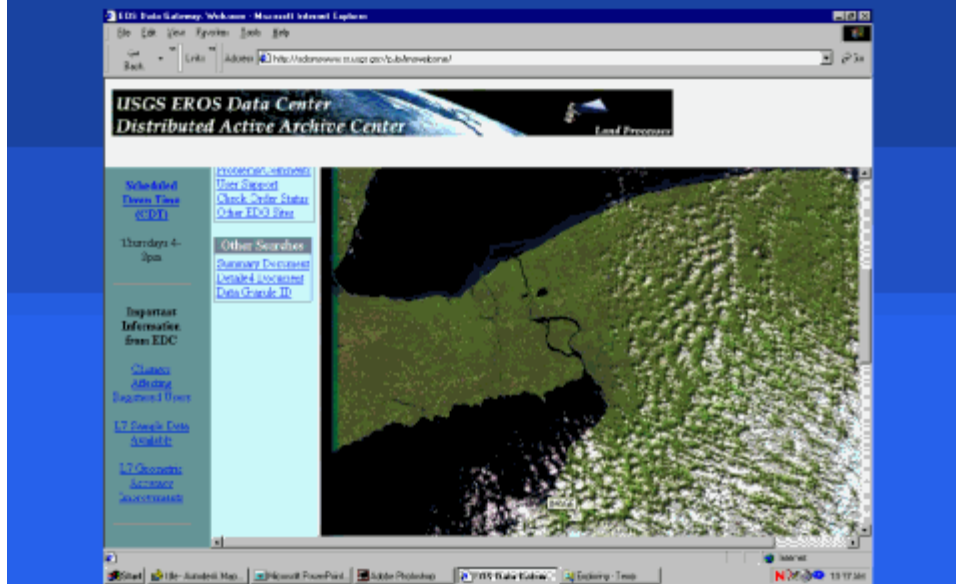
Options...	Granule	Start Date	Stop Date
<input type="checkbox"/>	S02L108WRS 00220C0118004	1999-05-27 15:47:16	2000-06-26 15:47:16
<input type="checkbox"/>	S02L108WRS 00220C0118010	1999-05-27 15:47:40	2000-06-26 15:47:40



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## Landsat Ordering Procedure, Cont.

### Review Scenes



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## Landsat Ordering Procedure, Cont.

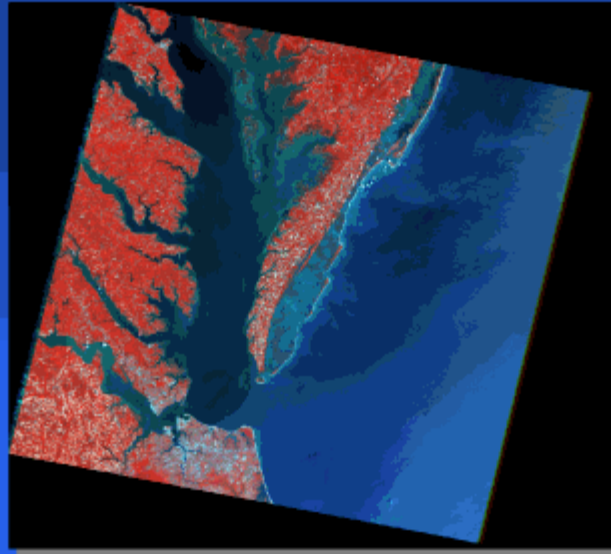
- Add scenes that meet your criteria to your basket
- Checkout
- Select Media Options: CD, 8mm tape, FTP Download
- Select Format: FASTL7A, HDF or GEOTIFF
- Select Processing: Level 0R, 1R or 1G
- Pay (Purchase Orders, Standing Account, Credit Card)

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## Example Imagery - Landsat



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## Example Imagery - Spot

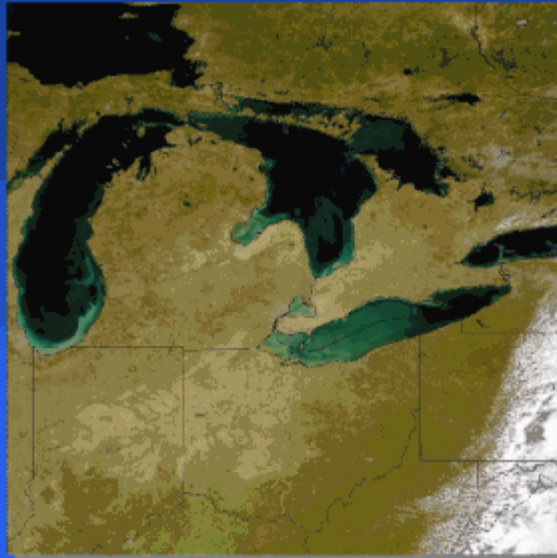


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## Example Imagery - Orbimage



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## How Are We Going to Use This Imagery?

- ✓ Monitoring change
- ✓ Adding valuable background information
- ✓ Updating facilities databases and areas of change
- ✓ As a planning tool
- ✓ Cadastral / parcel mapping
- ✓ Building foot print identification
- ✓ Road centerline identification
- ✓ Estimating impacts from human and natural disasters

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# Change Detection



Atlanta, 1993

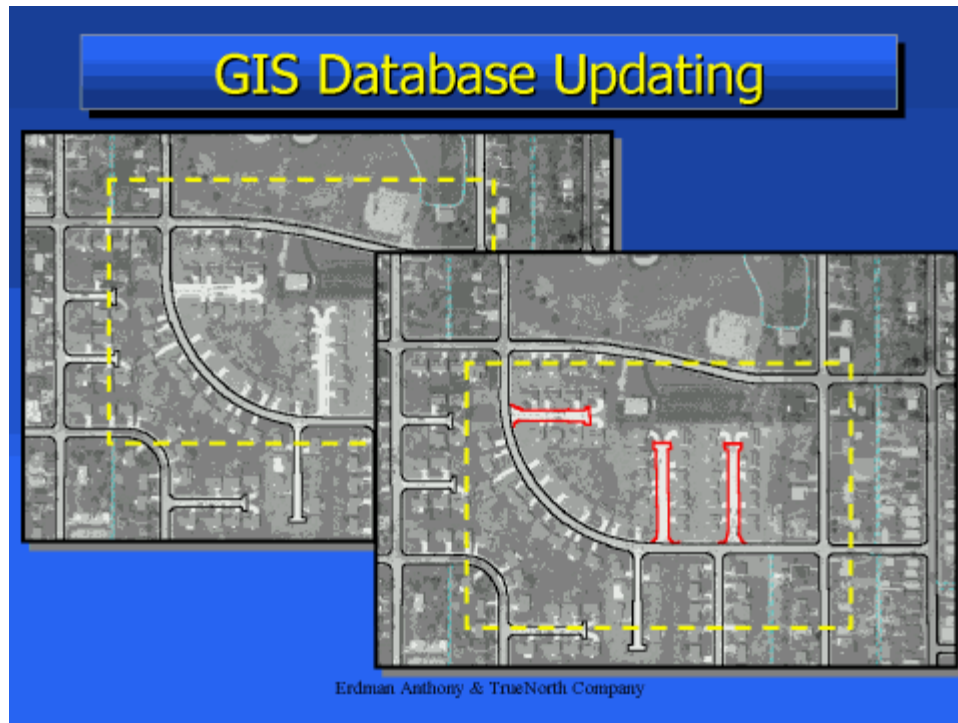


Atlanta, 1996

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## GIS Database Augmentation

- Imagery Extends Traditional Vector Base Maps

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# Mapping and Surveying

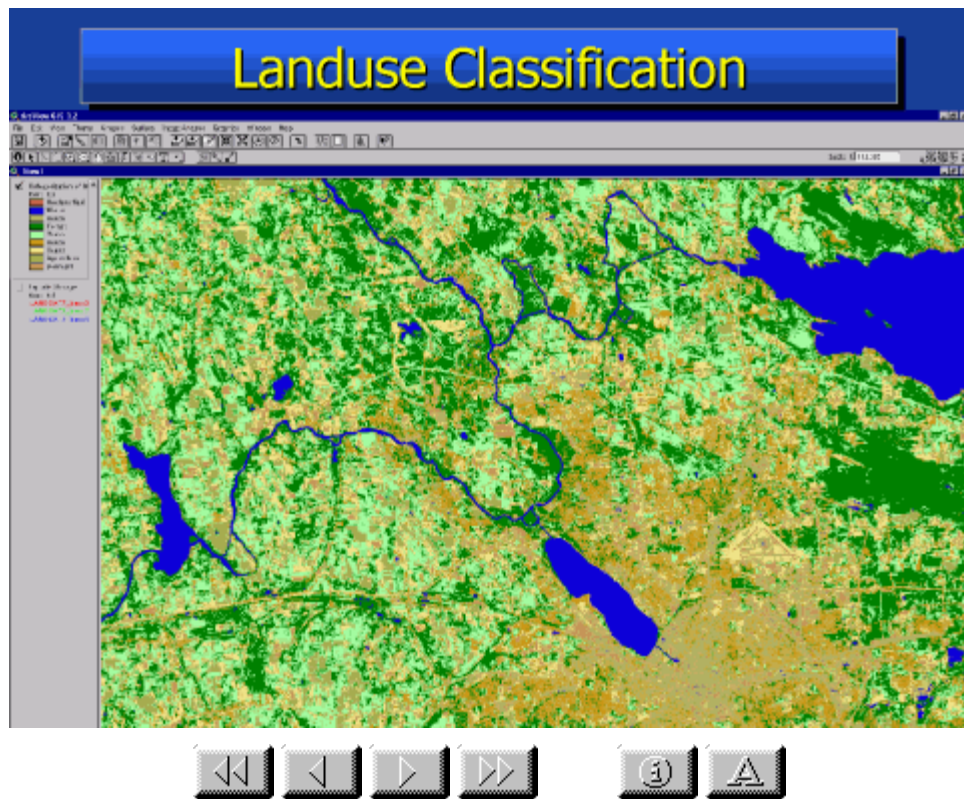


- Map updating**
- Adding** context to survey and parcel information
- Enhanced** base mapping (more information for map users)
- More** efficient project planning

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# Transportation Planning



Enhanced route assessment and engineering design processes

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## Hardware / Software Requirements

- Hardware Configuration (ideal)
  - Pentium III 800+ MHz
  - Large hard drive
  - 256+ MB of memory
  - 64 MB graphics card
  - 19" - 21" high resolution color monitor
- Lesser systems may work fine depending on data volume and applications
- Hardware is inexpensive

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## Hardware / Software Requirements, cont.

- Software Configurations (intermediate to advanced capabilities)
  - ESRI - ArcView GIS, Image Analysis, Spatial Analyst, 3D Analyst, ArcIMS
  - Autodesk - AutoCAD Map, World, MapGuide
  - MapInfo
  - Adobe - Photoshop
- Software Configurations (advanced capabilities)
  - ERDAS Imagine
  - SOCET SET

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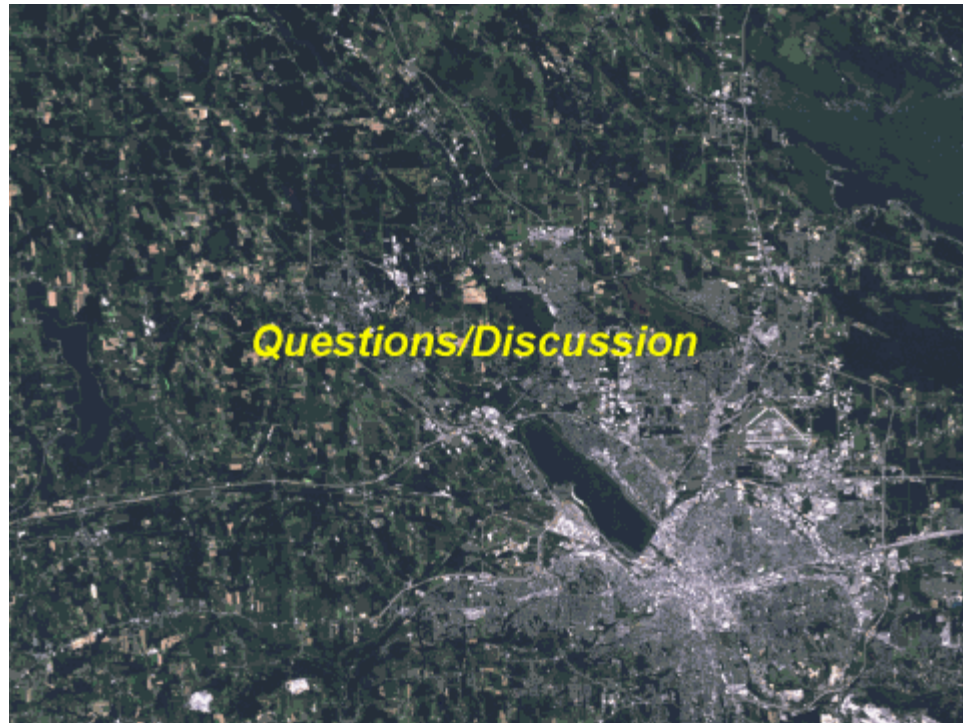
## Products and Pricing Information

- Price depends on resolution, processing, date acquired, quantity
- Imagery Formats: GeoTIFF, BIL, EROS, Acres, Spot, others
- Media Options: CD, DAT cartridge, 8mm cartridge tape, FTP
- Terms and copyright restrictions vary
- Processing Options:
  - radiometric correction
  - geometric correction
  - basic georeferencing
  - enhanced georeferencing and geo-coding
  - ortho-rectification
- Landsat \$475 - \$600 per scene
- Spot \$750 - \$1,000 per scene
- Ikonos II \$12 to \$44 per sq. kilometer

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## Thanks and Credit To:

- SPOT Image Corp.
- Space Imaging
- USGS
- ESRI
- Orbimage



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## Spectral Bands (Based on Lillesand & Kiefer p. 396)

### Landsat ETM+ Spectral Bands

Band	Wavelength (µm)	Nominal Spectral Location	Resolution (m)	Principal Applications
1	0.45-0.52	Blue	30	Designed for water body penetration making it useful for coastal water mapping. Also useful for soil/vegetation discrimination, forest type mapping, and cultural feature identification.
2	0.52-0.60	Green	30	Designed to measure green reflectance peak of vegetation (Figure 1.11) for vegetation discrimination and vigor assessment. Also useful for cultural feature identification.
3	0.63-0.69	Red	30	Designed to sense in a chlorophyll absorption region (Figure 1.10) aiding in plant species differentiation. Also useful for cultural feature identification.
4	0.76-0.90	Near IR	30	Useful for determining vegetation types, vigour, and biomass content, for delineating water bodies, and for soil moisture discrimination.
5	1.55-1.75	Mid IR	30	Indicative of vegetation moisture content and soil moisture. Also useful for differentiation of snow from clouds.
6	10.4-12.5	Thermal IR	60	Useful in vegetation stress analysis, soil moisture discrimination, and thermal mapping applications.
7	2.08-2.45	Mid IR	30	Useful for discrimination of mineral and rock types. Also sensitive to vegetation moisture content.
8	0.520-0.900	Pan	15	Useful merging with various combinations of the 30m data to produce color images with essentially 15 m resolution.

Bands 6 and 7 are out of wavelength sequence because band 7 was added to the TM line in the original system design process.

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## Current Remote Sensing Platforms

Satellite	Spatial Meters	Spectral	Swath Kils.	Temp. Days	Developer	URL
Landsat TM 5	30	R, G, B, NIR, MIR, Th	185	16	NASA USGS	<a href="http://edcimswww.cr.usgs.gov/pub/imswelcome/">http://edcimswww.cr.usgs.gov/pub/imswelcome/</a>
SPOT 1, 2	10 20	Pan R, G, NIR	60	26	CNES	<a href="http://www.spot.com/">http://www.spot.com/</a>
SPOT 4	10 20	Pan, R, G NIR, MIR	60	26	CNES	<a href="http://www.spot.com/">http://www.spot.com/</a>
IRS a, b	5 30	Pan Hyperspec	148	22	ISRO	<a href="http://www.isro.org/">http://www.isro.org/</a>
IRS c, d	5.8 23.5 70.8	Pan R, G, NIR MIR	142	24	ISRO	<a href="http://www.isro.org/">http://www.isro.org/</a>
AVHRR	1100	Pan, R, G, B, NIR, MIR, Th	2400	1	NOAA	<a href="http://edcimswww.cr.usgs.gov/pub/imswelcome/">http://edcimswww.cr.usgs.gov/pub/imswelcome/</a>
IKONOS II	1 4	Pan R, G, B, NIR	11	2-3	Space Imaging	<a href="http://www.spaceimage.com/">http://www.spaceimage.com/</a>
ERS	varies	RADAR	100	24	ESA	<a href="http://www.esa.int/">http://www.esa.int/</a>
RadarSat	Varies	RADAR	100	24	Canadian Space Agency	<a href="http://www.space.gc.ca/home/index.asp">http://www.space.gc.ca/home/index.asp</a>
Landsat 7	30 15	R, G, B, NIR, MIR, Th, Pan	185	16	NASA USGS	<a href="http://edcimswww.cr.usgs.gov/pub/imswelcome/">http://edcimswww.cr.usgs.gov/pub/imswelcome/</a>
Orbview 2	1100 4000	B, G, NIR, R	2800	1	Orbimage	<a href="http://www.orbimage.com/">http://www.orbimage.com/</a>

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